## Dosage Form Animal Health Product or Feed Supplement?

Dosage Form Animal Health Products and Feed Supplements are similar, but very different. Some of their labeling requirements are similar, but there are key differences. This document will help you determine the category of the product.

## Dosage Form Animal Health Product

means "any product intended to affect the structure or function of the animal's body or enhance or support the health or wellbeing of livestock, poultry, dogs, cats, or other domestic animals that does not provide nutritional benefit, does not require a prescription from a licensed veterinarian, is not intended for cosmetic purposes, or is exempted by the Secretary by rule. [...]" 6 V.S.A. § 323 (1) **Feed supplement** means "a material used with another to improve the nutritive balance or performance of the total and intended to be fed undiluted as a supplement to other feeds or offered free choice with other parts of the ration separately available or further diluted and mixed to produce a complete feed." 6 V.S.A. § 323 (9)

To determine if a product is a Dosage Form Animal Health Product (DFAH) or feed supplement please review the VAAFM's label guidelines:

Dosage Form Animal Health Product Label Guidelines.

Feed Supplement Label Guidelines

	Dosage Form Animal Supplement	Feed Supplement
What are the listed ingredients?	If the label claims an ingredient is for "the structure or function of the animal's body" or to "enhance or support the health or well-being" of the animal consumer.	If the ingredients can be found in the Association of American Feed Control Officials' Official Publication, and the label claim is for nutritional benefit of the intended animal consumer.
How are the ingredients listed?	Ingredients will be broken out into active and inactive ingredients. The active ingredients will be listed in order of quantity in descending order. The quantity of each ingredient per serving is also listed (unless a proprietary blend is	Feed supplement ingredients are listed in order of amount per serving in descending order.

If you are still uncertain, review the label closely using the following clues.

	used then the estive is greation to recet be	
	used, then the active ingredients must be	
	listed in order of quantity in descending	
	order). Inactive ingredients, listed	
	separately, are listed in alphabetical	
	order or in descending order by	
	predominance of ingredients.	
Is there a Guaranteed	There is no guaranteed analysis.	Feed supplements include a
Analysis?		guaranteed analysis for protein,
		fat, and fiber.
How is the product	DFAH products provide instructions or	Feed Supplements include
administered?	directions for <i>administering</i> the product.	feeding instructions. If a
		product is added to feed, it is
		most likely a feed supplement.
		If a product is mixed with or
		sprinkled over food, or top-
		dressed, it is a feed supplement.
		If it is mixed or added to
		drinking water, it is a feed
		supplement.
What are the claims	If the label makes a structure-function	If the label claims there is any
on the label?	claim and does not make a nutritional	nutritional value in the product,
	claim, the product is most likely a DFAH	the product is a feed
	product. Examples of claims: helps	supplement. Examples:
	support healthy joints, promotes	improves feed efficiency,
	relaxation, helps manage everyday stress,	increases nutrition absorption,
	supports a normal immune response,	supports digestion, easy to feed,
	addresses stiffness and discomfort due to	nutrition/nutritional, calories,
	exercise.	vitamins etc.
All labels must contain	Additionally, *	Additionally, *
Product name,	<ul> <li>Net weight, net content, or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Net weight or volume</li> </ul>
Manufacturers	count	in avoirdupois and
name and	Any precautionary statements	metric measurements
contact	or warnings	<ul> <li>follow all guidelines for</li> </ul>
information,		labels of feed product
<ul> <li>Intended</li> </ul>		
species		

\*Additionally, any product containing hemp or CBD, needs to have the following statement in the label. ""These statements have not been evaluated by the FDA. These products are not intended to treat, cure or prevent any disease." Similar statements are common on DFAH products.

## Why are Labels Rejected?

Sometimes a product is rejected because there is an issue with the label. A notification will be issued and there is opportunity to amend the label and resubmit without an additional fee.

Labels are rejected:

- 1) Disease claims are made on a DFAH product label. Disease cannot be mentioned on a label (including arthritis).
- 2) Nutritional information is included on a DFAH label. A guaranteed analysis for protein, fat and fiber cannot be on a DFAH product label, nor can any words pertain to nutrition.
- 3) Essential label elements are missing such as contact information, weight, ingredient list. Or ingredients aren't listed in the correct format.
- 4) It is unclear which category a product fits into. In this case, you will be given information on how to change your label to fit into either category.

VAAFM understands that a lot of work is put into developing a product and marketing it for sale. VAAFM worked with the National Animal Supplement Council to develop its guidelines. Because Vermont is one of the first states to require registration of dosage form animal health products, we meticulously review your labels in anticipation that other states will develop similar guidelines. This may lessen the chance that you will have to amend your labels for other states.